

# Statement of Verification

BREG EN EPD No.: 000334 Issue 02

This is to verify that the

**Environmental Product Declaration** provided by:

EcoTherm Insulation (UK) Ltd T/A Building Innovation

is in accordance with the requirements of:

EN 15804:2012+A1:2013

and

**BRE Global Scheme Document SD207** 

This declaration is for:

Inno-Fix and Taper-Fix

# **Company Address**

Harvey Road Burnt Mills Industrial Estate Basildon SS13 1QJ



BRE/Global



FBaker

Signed for BRE Global Ltd

d Operator

Emma Baker

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05 January 2021
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04 January 2026

Expiry Date



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# **Environmental Product Declaration**

**EPD Number: 000334** 

## **General Information**

EPD Programme Operator	Applicable Product Category Rules							
BRE Global Watford, Herts WD25 9XX United Kingdom	BRE Environmental Profiles 2013 Product Category Rules for Type III environmental product declaration of construction products to EN 15804:2012+A1:2013							
Commissioner of LCA study	LCA consultant/Tool							
Building Innovation Ltd Harvey Road Burnt Mills Industrial Estate Basildon SS13 1QJ	BRE LINA Tool v2.07							
Declared/Functional Unit	Applicability/Coverage							
1m² of PIR insulation at a thickness that gives an R-value of 3.000m².K/W	Product Specific.							
EPD Type	Background database							
Cradle to Gate with options	Ecoinvent 3.2							
Demonstra	ition of Verification							
CEN standard EN 15	5804 serves as the core PCR <sup>a</sup>							
Independent verification of the declaration and data according to EN ISO 14025:2010  □ Internal ⊠ External								
	(Where appropriate <sup>b</sup> )Third party verifier: Nigel Jones							
a: Product category rules b: Optional for business-to-business communication; mandatory for business-to-consumer communication (see EN ISO 14025:2010, 9.4)								

### **Comparability**

Environmental product declarations from different programmes may not be comparable if not compliant with EN 15804:2012+A1:2013. Comparability is further dependent on the specific product category rules, system boundaries and allocations, and background data sources. See Clause 5.3 of EN 15804:2012+A1:2013 for further guidance



### Information modules covered

ı	Product		Construction		Use stage  Related to the building fabric  Related to the building fabric				End-of-life			Benefits and loads beyond the system				
A1					B1		В3	B4		the bu	uilding B7	C1	C2	C3	C4	boundary
A1	A2	А3	A4	A5	ВП	B2	ВЗ	В4	B5	В6	В/	G1	C2	C3	C4	D
Raw materials supply	Transport	Manufacturing	Transport to site	Construction – Installation	Use	Maintenance	Repair	Replacement	Refurbishment	Operational energy use	Operational water use	Deconstruction demolition	Transport	Waste processing	Disposal	Reuse, Recovery and/or Recycling potential
V	V	V	$\square$	$\square$									V	V	V	

Note: Ticks indicate the Information Modules declared.

## **Manufacturing site(s)**

Building Innovation Ltd Harvey Road Burnt Mills Industrial Estate Basildon Essex SS13 1QJ	Torvale Industrial Estate Pembridge Herefordshire HR6 9LA
Enterprise Way Sherburn in Elment Leeds LS25 6NF	

## **Construction Product**

## **Product Description**

Building Innovation Inno-Fix and Taper-Fix insulation boards are a high performance rigid thermoset fibre free PIR insulation core faced on both sides with a low emissivity foil facer.

Product information is available on www.building-innovation.co.uk

### **Technical Information**

Property	Value, Unit
Thermal Conductivity - EN 13166:2012+A2:2016	0.022 W/m.K (30-150 mm)
Compressive strength at 10% compression	140 kPa
Board Size at range of thicknesses	1.2 x 2.4 m



#### **Main Product Contents**

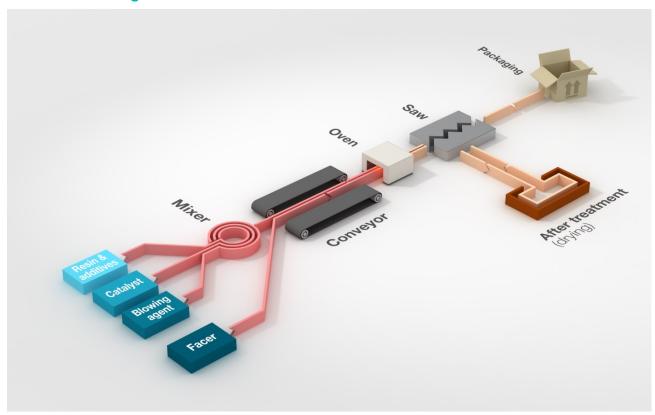
Material/Chemical Input	%
Rigid thermoset fibre free PIR insulation core	88%
Low emissivity foil facer	12%

<sup>\*</sup>Average percentages applicable for 1m² of insulation at thickness that gives an R-value of 3.000 m²K/W

## **Manufacturing Process**

Building Innovation PIR is made through a manufacturing process in which a foam forms an insulating core between two facing elements. At the start of the process a mix of chemicals is added directly to the bottom layer of facing and then expands to meet the top layer of facing. As it dries, the foam becomes tacky and adheres itself to the facing, top and bottom. Once it has reached the necessary thickness the foam is cooked under pressure. The insulation boards are then cut into the necessary sizes, packaged and sent to the loading bay for collection.

### **Process flow diagram**



### **Construction Installation**

The product will be installed in a variety of building roof applications using standard construction techniques.

#### **Use Information**

The product will be left alone after installation, and there are no known associated environmental impacts.



#### **End of Life**

The insulation will be removed for disposal when the building reaches the end of its life.

## **Life Cycle Assessment Calculation Rules**

## **Declared / Functional unit description**

1m<sup>2</sup> of insulation at a thickness that gives an R-value of 3.00m<sup>2</sup>.K/W

## **System boundary**

Cradle to gate with options: Modules A1-3, A4, A5, C2, C3 and C4.

The following processes are included in the A1-A3 production stage: Manufacture of preliminary products (resin, blowing agent, additives). Transportation of raw materials and preliminary products to the manufacturing site. Manufacturing process on the production site including, energy, disposal of residual materials, water consumption and VOC emissions to air.

The following process is included within the A4 construction stage: Transportation of the product to the construction site.

The following processes are included in the A5 construction stage: installation wastage rate, material wastes produced by installation.

The following processes are included in the C2, C3 and C4 End of life scenarios: Transportation of waste from the construction site to the waste processing plant, waste processing operations for recovery, waste sent to landfill.

### Data sources, quality and allocation

This EPD covers all Building Innovation Inno-Fix and Taper-Fix, insulation boards manufactured at the Basildon, Pembridge and Selby sites, representing 100% of production of these products in 2018 over all EcoTherm production sites included in this EPD, and 91.4% of the total site output at the Basildon site (6168.32 tonnes), 43.9% of the total site output at the Selby site (5656.20 tonnes), and 0.74% of the total site output at the Pembridge site (178.14 tonnes).

A profile for the PIR foam was created separately as this covered a range of PIR products. The profile included all the impacts from the manufacture of the product, including all the data for the following sections: 'ancillary materials', 'packaging', 'fuel/energy', 'water', 'emissions to air, water and soil', 'production waste, 'other waste' and 'water discharged'. Allocation of these factors to the products was achieved by using a proportion of the total PIR foam output. The foam profile was then used as an input for this (and other) end product profiles.

Secondary data has been drawn from the BRE LINA database v2.0.62 and the background LCI datasets are based on Ecoinvent v3.2.

### **Cut-off criteria**

No inputs or outputs have been excluded. All raw materials, packaging materials, associated transport to the manufacturing site, and from the manufacturing site to the building site, process energy, water use, direct production waste, installations waste and emissions are included.



### **LCA Results**

(MND = module not declared; MNR = module not relevant; INA = indicator not assessed; AGG = aggregated)

Parameters describing environmental impacts											
			GWP	ODP	AP	EP	POCP	ADPE	ADPF		
			kg CO <sub>2</sub> equiv.	kg CFC 11 equiv.	kg SO <sub>2</sub> equiv.	kg (PO <sub>4</sub> ) <sup>3-</sup> equiv.	kg C₂H₄ equiv.	kg Sb equiv.	MJ, net calorific value.		
	Raw material supply	A1	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG		
Product stage	Transport	A2	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG		
1 Toduct stage	Manufacturing	A3	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG		
	Total (of product stage)	A1-3	9.30e+0	1.00e-1	5.15e-2	1.03e-2	1.15e-2	3.93e-5	2.01e+2		
Construction	Transport	A4	1.00e-1	1.91e-8	3.45e-4	9.08e-5	7.13e-5	1.69e-7	1.57e+0		
process stage	Construction	A5	1.88e-1	6.60e-9	1.04e-3	2.07e-4	2.32e-4	7.89e-7	4.06e+0		
	Use	B1	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND		
	Maintenance	B2	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND		
	Repair	В3	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND		
Use stage	Replacement	B4	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND		
	Refurbishment	B5	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND		
	Operational energy use	B6	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND		
	Operational water use	B7	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND		
	Deconstruction, demolition	C1	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND		
	Transport	C2	1.00e-1	1.91e-8	3.45e-4	9.08e-5	7.13e-5	1.69e-7	1.57e+0		
End of life	Waste processing	СЗ	1.62e-8	1.05e-15	8.80e-11	2.02e-11	5.01e-12	1.96e-14	2.50e-7		
	Disposal	C4	1.97e-3	5.18e-10	1.38e-5	4.52e-6	2.29e-6	2.79e-9	4.83e-2		
Potential benefits and loads beyond the system boundaries	Reuse, recovery, recycling potential	D	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND		

GWP = Global Warming Potential; ODP = Ozone Depletion Potential;

AP = Acidification Potential for Soil and Water;

EP = Eutrophication Potential;

POCP = Formation potential of tropospheric Ozone;

ADPE = Abiotic Depletion Potential – Elements; ADPF = Abiotic Depletion Potential – Fossil Fuels;



Parameters	describing r	esour	ce use, pri	imary ener	gy			
			PERE	PERM	PERT	PENRE	PENRM	PENRT
			MJ	MJ	MJ	MJ	MJ	MJ
	Raw material supply	A1	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
Product stage	Transport	A2	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
1 Toddet stage	Manufacturing	А3	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
	Total (of product stage)	A1-3	2.54e+1	1.96e-2	2.54e+1	1.35e+2	7.81e+1	2.13e+2
Construction	Transport	A4	2.37e-2	5.92e-8	2.37e-2	1.56e+0	0.00e+0	1.56e+0
process stage	Construction	A5	5.08e-1	3.91e-4	5.08e-1	4.28e+0	0.00e+0	4.28e+0
	Use	B1	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Maintenance	B2	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Repair	В3	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
Use stage	Replacement	B4	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Refurbishment	B5	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Operational energy use	В6	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Operational water use	В7	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Deconstruction, demolition	C1	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND
E 1 615	Transport	C2	2.37e-2	5.92e-8	2.37e-2	1.56e+0	0.00e+0	1.56e+0
End of life	Waste processing	СЗ	2.16e-8	3.90e-14	2.16e-8	3.33e-7	0.00e+0	3.33e-7
	Disposal	C4	1.47e-3	4.03e-9	1.47e-3	4.86e-2	0.00e+0	4.86e-2
Potential benefits and loads beyond the system boundaries	Reuse, recovery, recycling potential	D	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND	MND

PERE = Use of renewable primary energy excluding renewable primary energy used as raw materials;
PERM = Use of renewable primary energy resources used as raw

PERT = Total use of renewable primary energy resources;

PENRE = Use of non-renewable primary energy excluding nonrenewable primary energy resources used as raw materials; PENRM = Use of non-renewable primary energy resources used

as raw materials; PENRT = Total use of non-renewable primary energy resource



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			SM	RSF	NRSF	FW
			kg	MJ net calorific value	MJ net calorific value	m <sup>3</sup>
	Raw material supply	A1	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
Product stage	Transport	A2	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
	Manufacturing	A3	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
	Total (of product stage)	A1-3	0.00e+0	0.00e+0	0.00e+0	2.45e-1
Construction	Transport	A4	0.00e+0	0.00e+0	0.00e+0	3.64e-4
process stage	Construction	A5	0.00e+0	0.00e+0	0.00e+0	4.91e-3
	Use	B1	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Maintenance	B2	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Repair	В3	MND	MND	MND	MND
Use stage	Replacement	B4	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Refurbishment	B5	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Operational energy use	В6	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Operational water use	B7	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Deconstruction, demolition	C1	MND	MND	MND	MND
Find of BC	Transport	C2	0.00e+0	0.00e+0	0.00e+0	3.64e-4
End of life	Waste processing	СЗ	0.00e+0	0.00e+0	0.00e+0	6.65e-11
	Disposal	C4	0.00e+0	0.00e+0	0.00e+0	5.43e-5
Potential benefits and loads beyond the system boundaries	Reuse, recovery, recycling potential	D	MND	MND	MND	MND

SM = Use of secondary material; RSF = Use of renewable secondary fuels; NRSF = Use of non-renewable secondary fuels; FW = Net use of fresh water



- Strict Citylio		matio	n describing waste cate		
			HWD	NHWD	RWD
			kg	kg	kg
	Raw material supply	A1	AGG	AGG	AGG
Product stage	Transport	A2	AGG	AGG	AGG
1 Toduct Stage	Manufacturing	A3	AGG	AGG	AGG
	Total (of product stage)	A1-3	3.85e-1	3.13e-1	1.47e-4
Construction	Transport	A4	5.89e-4	1.34e-1	1.09e-5
process stage	Construction	A5	7.72e-3	8.93e-3	3.16e-6
	Use	B1	MND	MND	MND
	Maintenance	B2	MND	MND	MND
	Repair	В3	MND	MND	MND
Use stage	Replacement	B4	MND	MND	MND
	Refurbishment	B5	MND	MND	MND
	Operational energy use	В6	MND	MND	MND
	Operational water use	B7	MND	MND	MND
	Deconstruction, demolition	C1	MND	MND	MND
E 1 616	Transport	C2	5.89e-4	1.34e-1	1.09e-5
End of life	Waste processing	СЗ	3.80e-11	4.04e-10	1.83e-12
	Disposal	C4	3.63e-5	1.90e-1	2.99e-7
Potential benefits and loads beyond the system boundaries	Reuse, recovery, recycling potential	D	MND	MND	MND

HWD = Hazardous waste disposed; NHWD = Non-hazardous waste disposed; RWD = Radioactive waste disposed



			CRU	MFR	MER	EE
			kg	kg	kg	MJ per energy carrier
	Raw material supply	A1	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
Product stage	Transport	A2	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
Toddet stage	Manufacturing	A3	AGG	AGG	AGG	AGG
	Total (of product stage)	A1-3	0.00e+0	6.51e-2	3.39e-2	0.00e+0
Construction	Transport	A4	0.00e+0	0.00e+0	0.00e+0	0.00e+0
process stage	Construction	A5	0.00e+0	1.30e-3	4.27e-2	0.00e+0
	Use	B1	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Maintenance	B2	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Repair	В3	MND	MND	MND	MND
Use stage	Replacement	B4	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Refurbishment	B5	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Operational energy use	B6	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Operational water use	В7	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Deconstruction, demolition	C1	MND	MND	MND	MND
	Transport	C2	0.00e+0	0.00e+0	0.00e+0	0.00e+0
End of life	Waste processing	СЗ	0.00e+0	0.00e+0	1.92e+0	0.00e+0
	Disposal	C4	0.00e+0	0.00e+0	0.00e+0	0.00e+0
Potential benefits and oads beyond the system	Reuse, recovery, recycling potential	D	MND	MND	MND	MND

CRU = Components for reuse; MFR = Materials for recycling MER = Materials for energy recovery; EE = Exported Energy



# Scenarios and additional technical information

Scenarios and addi	tional technical information								
Scenario	Parameter	Units	Results						
	Description of scenario								
	Fuel type / Vehicle type	Litre of fuel type per distance or vehicle type	Lorry >32 metric tons						
A4 – Transport to the building site	Distance:	km	523						
	Capacity utilisation (incl. empty returns)	%	86						
	Bulk density of transported products	kg/m³	32						
A5 – Installation in the building	Description of scenario								
	Installation wastage rate	% of product	2						
	Installation waste sent to landfill	kg	0.042						
C2, C3, C4 – End of life	Description of scenario	1	1						
	Transport type	Vehicle type	Lorry >32 metric tons						
	Distance	km	523						
	Crushing and compacting of waste into briquettes	MJ	9.62E-08						
	Waste for energy recovery	kg	1.92						
	Waste to landfill	kg	0.19						



### References

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For Building innovation technical information visit https://www.building-innovation.co.uk/downloads

UK Statistics on Waste report that the recovery rate from non-hazardous construction and demolition waste is approx. 91% at of 2016 (from UK Statistics on Waste,

https://assets.publishing.service.gov.uk/government/uploads/system/uploads/attachment\_data/file/784263/UK\_Statistics\_on\_Waste\_statistical\_notice\_March\_2019\_rev\_FINAL.pdf

CEN. Thermal insulation products for building equipment and industrial installations - Factory made rigid polyurethane foam (PUR) and polyisocyanurate foam (PIR) products – Specification - EN 14308/PRA1. Brussels, CEN, 2018